

Material Safety Data Sheet

Anti Seize Nickel Compound

Hazardous Substance Non-dangerous Goods

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Status Issued by Royal Precision Lubricants Pty Limited

COMPANY DETAILS

Company Name Royal Precision Lubricants Pty Limited (ABN 72 155 989 165)

Address 40 Kimberly Road, Dandenong South, Vic., 3175.

Telephone Number 61 3 9768 2441 **Fax Number** 61 3 9768 3325

Emergency Phone

Number 61 3 9768 2441

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Anti Seize Nickel Compound

UN Proper Shipping

Name None allocated
Other Names None listed

Recommended Use High temperature antiseize grease.

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NOHSC Classification Classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC.

ADG Classification Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the

Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

Note: Combustible materials may be classified as Class 9: miscellaneous dangerous goods if transported with flammable materials. See ADG code for

further information.

SUSDP ClassificationNot ScheduledRisk PhrasesR40, R43Safety PhrasesS22, S36/37

Section 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name CAS **Proportion Risk Phrases** Solvent-dewaxed petroleum residual oil 64742-62-7 > 60% Nickel powder 7440-02-0 10 to 30% R40. R43 < 10% Bentone Clay Thickener 1302-78-9 Other ingredients determined not to be hazardous Not required < 10%

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately wash out mouth with water, and then give

plenty of water to drink. Seek medical attention.

Eye Rinse eyes immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. In case of irritation,

seek medical advice.

Skin Remove all contaminated clothing. Wash gently and thoroughly with water and

> non-abrasive soap. Ensure contaminated clothing is washed before re-use or discard. If irritation develops and persists, seek medical attention. Should grease be accidentally injected under the skin no matter how minor, seek IMMEDIATE

medical attention.

Inhaled Remove the patient to fresh air. Ensure airways are clear and have qualified

person give oxygen through a facemask if breathing is difficult. If irritation

develops, seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities Advice to Doctor

No special facilities required.

Treat symptomatically.

NOTE: High Pressure Applications: Injections under the skin resulting from contact with high pressure, constitutes a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours, tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that the high pressure may force the product

considerable distance along tissue.

Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire/Explosion

Hazard Classified as C2 (Combustible liquid).

Extinguishing Media Use water as fog or spray to cool fire exposed containers. Do not use direct

stream of water; product will float, possibly re-igniting.

Fire Fighting Precautions

Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) and full protective clothing should be

worn. Flash Point

> 250°C (COC)

Hazchem Code Hazards from

None allocated

Combustion

Products Oxides of carbon.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spills Procedure SMALL - 20 LITRES OR LESS

Soak up with inert oil absorbent. Arrange for disposal through an approved

facility.

LARGE - GREATER THAN 20 LITRES

Remove all sources of ignition. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Wear full protective equipment and clothing to minimise exposure. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material such as vermiculite, sand or dirt onto spillage. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into a suitable labelled container. If large quantities of this material enter the waterways contact the Environmental Protection Authority, or your local Waste

Management Authority.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Repeated or prolonged contact with this material should be avoided in order to lessen the possibility of skin disorders. It is essential that all who come into contact, maintain high standards of personal hygiene ie. washing hands prior to eating, drinking or going to the toilet. Build-up of mists in the working atmosphere must be prevented.

Misuse of empty containers can be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, heat or drill containers. Residue may ignite with explosive violence if heated sufficiently. Do not pressurise or expose to open flame or heat. Keep container closed and bung in place.

Storage Precautions

Classified as a combustible substance for storage and handling purposes. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Avoid sparks, flames, and other ignition sources. Store away from incompatible materials such as materials that support combustion (oxidising materials). Reference should be made to Australian Standard AS1940- The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by the National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC). However, Exposure Standards for constituents are listed below.

SUBSTANCE	TWA		STEL	
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Oil mist, mineral	-	5	-	10
Nickel powder	-	1	-	-

Nickel powder has an exposure limit of 1mg/m³ as an Atmospheric Contaminant [NOHSC:1003(1995)]. It is highly unlikely that the nickel powder in this product would contaminant the atmosphere as it bound by the other ingredients. Exposure Standard means the average concentration of a particular substance in the worker's breathing zone, exposure to which, according to current knowledge, should not cause adverse health effects nor cause undue discomfort to nearly all workers. It can be of three forms; time-weighted average (TWA), peak limitation, or short-term exposure limit (STEL).

Biological Limit

Values

No biological limit allocated.

Engineering Control

The use of mechanical dilution ventilation is recommended whenever this product is used in a confined space, is heated above ambient temperatures or otherwise to maintain ambient concentration below the recommended threshold exposure limits.

Respirator Type

Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Select and use respirators in accordance with AS/NZS 1715/1716. When vapours are generated, the used of the following is recommended: Half face piece respirator with dust/mist filters. The appropriate filter capacity and respirator type will depend on exposure levels encountered. Chemical safety goggles are recommended. If handled hot, a full face shield

Eye Protection

should be worn.

Glove Type Clothing

Use of impervious rubber gloves are recommended.

Clothing should be suitable to avoid product contacting the skin on a prolonged or repeated basis.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Flecked silver/grey grease **Appearance**

Odour Negligible **Melting Point** > 250°C **Boiling Point** Not available **Vapour Pressure** Not available **Vapour Density** Not available pН Not applicable Approx. 0.9 g/cm³ **Specific Gravity Flashpoint** > 250°C (COC) Flamm. Limit LEL Not available Flamm. Limit UEL Not available Solubility in Water < 0.1 g/l

Other Properties

Worked Penetration

(x60) @ 25°C 290 - 320

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible

Materials Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products Oxides of carbon.

Hazardous Reactions No hazardous polymerisation will occur.

None allocated.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicology The classification as a carcinogen need not apply in this case as the main

constituents in this product are in accordance with Note L of the NOHSC

Designated List of Hazardous Substances (containing less than 3% DMSO extract

as measured by IP 346).

May cause irritation to the mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms may **Acute - Swallowed**

include nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Acute - Eye May cause slight to moderate eye irritation, resulting in redness and stinging. Acute - Skin May dry and defat the skin, resulting in skin irritation and possible dermatitis.

Grease accidentally injected under the skin can result in local necrosis and tissue

damage.

Acute - Inhaled May cause irritation to the mucous membrane and upper airways, especially if the

material is heated or mists are generated and/or is used in poorly ventilated areas.

Symptoms may include headache, dizziness and nausea.

Chronic Prolonged or repeated contact with this material may result in skin irritation leading

to dermatitis.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No ecotoxicological classifications.

Persistence and Degradability

Mobility

This product is inherently biodegradable. Spillages are unlikely to penetrate the soil.

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method Dispose of waste according to federal, EPA, state and local regulations. Assure

conformity with all applicable regulations.

Special Disposal

Precautions None allocated.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number

None allocated

UN Proper Shipping

None allocated

DG Class

Name

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further information.

Packaging Group Hazchem Code

None allocated None allocated

Special Transport

Precautions

None allocated

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

AICS All ingredients present on AICS.

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Last Revision November, 2009

Acronyms ABN Australian Business Number

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADG Australian Dangerous Goods
AEST Australian Eastern Standard Time

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CAS Chemical Abstacts Service Registry Number

COC Cleveland Open Cup
DG Class Dangerous Goods Class.
EPA Environment Protection Agency

Hazchem Code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency

services.

IP Institute of PetroleumPMCC Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission

SUSDP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons

UN Number United Nations Number

CONTACT POINT

Contact Technical Manager

Telephone 61 3 9768 2441

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End of MSDS